

Disposal of Solvent Soaked Rags

Oily Waste Cans are essential whenever cloths, wipes, and cleaning rags are used. Rags containing solvents, thinners, linseed oil, combustible adhesives, and other flammable liquids present a serious fire risk when improperly discarded. Specially designed steel oily waste cans protect a facility from fires that can start due to spontaneous combustion, sparks, or careless use of smoking material.

The self-closing lid on the can is an effective block to fire transmission from outside the can. Any fire transmitted to can contents while the lid is open is immediately snuffed out when the lid closes.

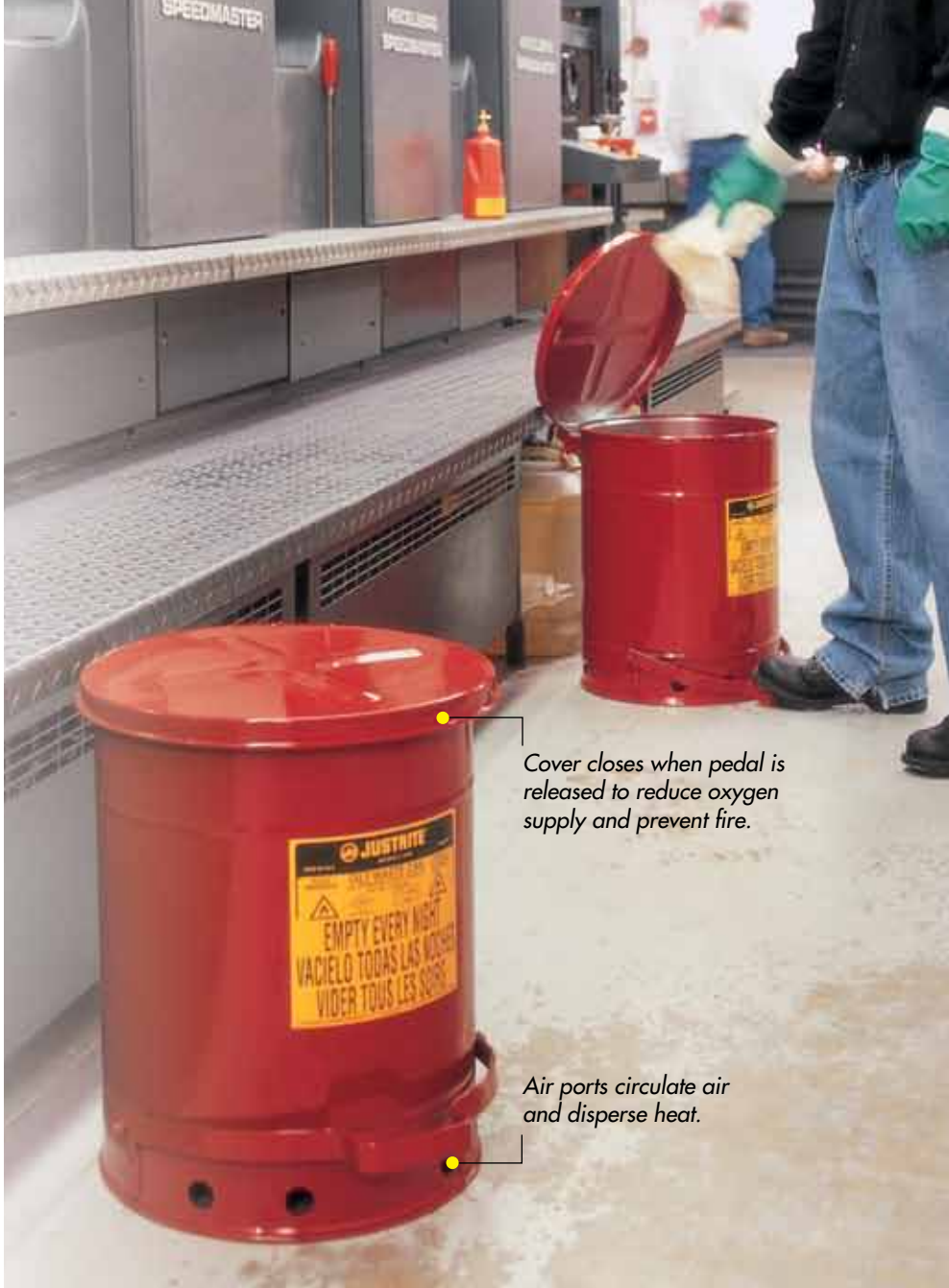
The volume of waste in the can, air availability and the length of time the waste has been allowed to remain in the can are factors in heat generation that precede spontaneous combustion. The first and most obvious safety precaution is frequent emptying – "at least once daily at the end of each shift" as specified by OSHA.

To help prevent temperature build-up, the cans are designed with the bottom elevated above the floor so that there is air circulation to dissipate heat.

Justrite oily waste cans are built in a range of sizes and all are FM approved.



Different color cans help segregate waste rags.



Cover closes when pedal is released to reduce oxygen supply and prevent fire.

Air ports circulate air and disperse heat.



Self-closing drum cover with fusible link.

Safety Drum Covers provide a cost effective way to convert ordinary open head drums into fire-safe receptacles for combustible trash or solvent soaked rags. A self-closing cover stays open during use and is equipped with a fusible link to automatically slam the cover shut under fire conditions. A variety of FM approved Justrite drum covers are available including a self-latching, gasketed cover to control VOC emissions to meet EPA and NESAM (National Emissions Standards for Aerospace Manufacturing).